

## The TIMES model generator: Status of the code

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### Development

- By ETSAP
- Implementation in GAMS

### TOOLS

- VEDA-FE (Front End)
- VEDA Analyst

## **TIMES** (The Integrated MARKAL EFOM System)

### Methodology

- Bottom-up Model
- Perfect competition
- Perfect foresight
- Optimisation (LP/MIP)

Min/Max Objective function  
s.t.  
Equations, Constraints  
Decision Variables  $\Leftrightarrow$  Solution  
Input parameters

### Features

- Multi-region
- Inter-temporal
- Elastic demands
- Vintaging
- Load curve
- Endogeneous learning

## Features of TIMES

- **Flexible process description:**
  - General process description with three process types: general processes (PRC), exchange processes (IRE) and storage processes (STG)
  - Ratios of input and output flows can be determined by optimization
  - Time slice operation according to commodity requirements
  - Direct access to all flow variables (e.g. for usage in user constraints, to associate emissions with fuels)
- **Full vintaging of processes (optional by process):**
  - Technical parameters of a process as a function of the vintage year
  - Shaping / decay of input parameters as a function of age
- **User-controllable inter-/extrapolation of input data to model years:**
  - Linear and log-linear interpolation, direct extrapolation or fill-in with EPS
  - Default rules if no options specified
- **More accurate cost representation:**
  - Annual cost accounting
  - Spread investment builds and payment
  - Investment leads (e.g., R&D and construction) and decommissioning
  - Splits of O&M components (e.g., labor)

## Features of TIMES (contd.)

- **High independence of data vs. model years achieved**
- **Flexible time periods:**
  - Unequal period duration
  - Technical parameters of a process can be defined over a two-dimensional space of time (vintage x age)
  - Past investments based on vintage year not residual curves
- **Flexible definition of time slices:**
  - Three levels (seasonal, weekly, daynite) with an arbitrary number on each level
  - All time slice levels are available for all processes and commodities
  - Storage and load shift processes may operate between any time slices
- **Flexible discounting options:**
  - Technology-dependent discount rates, economic vs. technical lifetimes
  - Time-dependent discount rates at sector/technology level if desired
  - Optional mid-year discounting (default: beginning-of-year discounting)

### Features of TIMES (contd.)

- **User constraints:**
  - All variables can be used in a user constraint
  - Possibility to define inter-temporal constraints
  - Possibility to define cumulative constraints over region or period
  - Option to formulate growth constraints
- Option to use elastic demands (linear staircase formulation)
- Endogenous technological learning (MIP approach, technology clusters)
- Option to define discrete capacity extensions (lumpy investments)
- Mechanisms to add extensions (model equations/variables, report routines) that can be turned-on/off (e.g. VTT, IER extensions)
- Connection to VEDA-BE via GAMS GAMS2VEDA utility (allowing user augmentation for additional data dumps including input data)

### Recent modifications in the TIMES code

- Performance improvements (e.g. investment costs calculated in a similar fashion as salvage value)
- Bug fixes (e.g. ETL, elastic demand, objective function)
- Linkage with VEDA4-BE (primal variables, costs by type and prc/com, reduced costs, shadow prices of commodity balance and peaking eqn)
- Enhancements of the code:
  - Time-dependent discount rates
  - Option to use discrete capacity extension
  - Improvements in user constraints: easier formulation for growth constraints and addition of import/export flows as possible variables

## Discrete capacity extension

- Discrete capacity extension:

- Capacity can only be added in different predefined block sizes resulting in a MIP problem
- Blocks may have different specific investment costs, e.g. specific costs decrease with the block size

$$VAR\_NCAP_{r,v,p} = \sum_j VAR\_NDSC_{r,v,p,j} \cdot ncap\_disc_{r,v,p,j}; \forall rtp_{r,v,p}$$

$$\sum_j VAR\_NDSC_{r,v,p,j} = 1; \forall rtp_{r,v,p} \quad (\Leftrightarrow \text{SOS1 set supported by some solvers})$$

$$VAR\_NDSC_{r,v,p,j} \in \{0;1\}$$

$j$ : index for binary variables

$VAR\_NDSC_{r,v,p,j}$ : binary variable

$ncap\_disc_{r,v,p,j}$ : allowable sizes of capacity extensions

## Formulation of growth constraints

- Based on user constraints
- Possibility to define not only growth constraints but also phase-out constraints
- Growth constraints applicable to all variables
- More than one technology may be involved in a growth constraint, e.g.:

$$VAR\_CAP_{r,j,TechA} \leq gr_{r,j,TechA}^{M_t - M_{t-1}} VAR\_CAP_{r,j-1,TechA} + gr_{r,j,TechB}^{M_t - M_{t-1}} VAR\_CAP_{r,j-1,TechB} + const.$$

## Performance of a multi-regional TIMES model

- **Single region model**
  - # processe: 986
  - # commodities: 411
  - # periods: 11
  - # timeslices: 4 (WD, WN, SD, SN)
- Each region is connected to all other regions by an exchange process (-> 105 exchange processes in the 15 region model, 300 in the 25 region model)

		1 region	15 regions	20 regions	25 regions
Reduced matrix	# rows	30,828	467,611	625,696	784,925
	# columns	25,234	387,826	521,516	657,450
	# nonzeros	230,532	3,487,429	4,663,164	5,845,675
Memory usage before solver is called [MB]		70	944	1261	1582
Computation time [sec]	Execution	13	347	542	781
	Matrix generation	22	331	455	625
	Barrier time	27	509	746	1678
	Crossover time	4	227	490	1147
	Reporting	14	270	394	580
	<b>Total</b>		<b>80</b>	<b>1684</b>	<b>2627</b>

(using GAMS21.3, CPLEX9.0, Pentium 4, 3.2 Ghz, 2 GB RAM)

## Features implemented by IER and VTT that could be considered for adoption in the common code

- **Market/product allocation constraints (IER, VTT)**
  - Useful for calibrating / constraining market shares etc.
- **Back-pressure / condensing mode availability of CHP processes (IER)**
  - Useful for realistic representation of CHP heat production
- **Commodity-dependent availability factors (VTT)**
  - Useful for e.g. realistic representation of CHP heat production
  - Has been included as pending in the system documentation
- **Generalized constraints for process flows (VTT)**
  - Useful for modeling of many specific process characteristics
- **Extended shaping parameters for vintaged processes (VTT)**
  - Age-dependent emission factors and efficiencies
- ... etc. (IER, VTT, ...)

### **Future work**

- **VEDA-FE/TIMES evolution**
- **Documentation**
  - **System documentation**
  - **User guide, with process examples by type**
  - **Full sample model, including VEDA-BE tables**
- **Enhanced Quality Control of input data**
- **Streamlining of GAMS code**
- **Simplification of some basic input parameters (GAMS / VEDA-FE)**
- **Further enhancements of the methodology:**
  - **TIMES/MACRO**
  - **Stochastic programming**
  - **MARKAL features of interest**